











TLV62568, TLV62568P

SLVSD89A - NOVEMBER 2016-REVISED APRIL 2017

# TLV62568 1-A High Efficiency Synchronous Buck Converter in SOT Package

#### 1 Features

- Up to 95% Efficiency
- Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> Switches 150 m $\Omega$  / 100 m $\Omega$
- 2.5-V to 5.5-V Input Voltage Range
- Adjustable Output Voltage from 0.6 V to V<sub>IN</sub>
- Power Save Mode for Light Load Efficiency
- 100% Duty Cycle for Lowest Dropout
- 35-µA Operating Quiescent Current
- 1.5-MHz Switching Frequency
- Power Good Output
- Over Current Protection
- Internal Soft Startup
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- · Available in SOT Package
- Pin-to-Pin Compatible with TLV62569

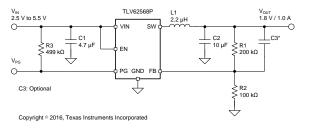
## 2 Applications

- General Purpose POL Supply
- Network Video Camera
- · Set Top Box
- · Wireless Router

## 3 Description

The TLV62568 device is a synchronous step-down buck DC-DC converter optimized for high efficiency and compact solution size. The device integrates switches capable of delivering an output current up to 1 A.

#### Simplified Schematic



At medium to heavy loads, the device operates in pulse width modulation (PWM) mode with 1.5-MHz switching frequency. At light load, the device automatically enters Power Save Mode (PSM) to maintain high efficiency over the entire load current range. In shutdown, the current consumption is reduced to less than 2  $\mu\text{A}.$ 

The TLV62568 provides an adjustable output voltage via an external resistor divider. An internal soft start circuit limits the inrush current during startup. Other features like over current protection, thermal shutdown protection and power good are built-in. The device is available in a SOT23 and SOT563 package.

#### Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TLV62568	SOT-23 (5)	2.00
TLV62568P	SOT-23 (6)	2.90 mm × 2.80 mm
TLV62568	SOT563 (6)	1.60 mm v.1.60 mm
TLV62568P	SOT563 (6)	1.60 mm x 1.60 mm

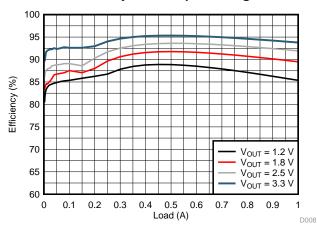
(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

#### **Device Comparison**

PART NUMBER	FUNCTION	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKAGE
TLV62568DBV	-	14VF	SOT23-5
TLV62568PDDC <sup>(1)</sup>	Power Good		SOT23-6
TLV62568DRL	-	18L	SOT563-6
TLV62568PDRL	Power Good	18N	SOT563-6

#### (1) Product preview

#### Efficiency at 5-V Input Voltage





# **Table of Contents**

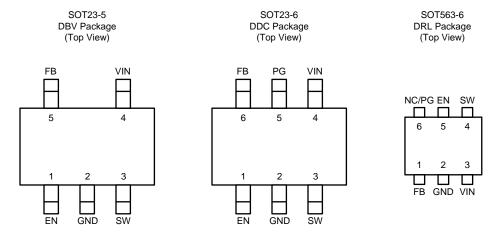
1	Features 1	8 Application and Implementation 9
2	Applications 1	8.1 Application Information 9
3	Description 1	8.2 Typical Application9
4	Revision History2	9 Power Supply Recommendations 13
5	Pin Configuration and Functions3	10 Layout 13
6	Specifications3	10.1 Layout Guidelines 13
•	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10.2 Layout Example14
	6.2 ESD Ratings	10.3 Thermal Considerations 14
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions4	11 Device and Documentation Support 15
	6.4 Thermal Information	11.1 Device Support
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics5	11.2 Documentation Support
	6.6 Typical Characteristics	11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates 15
7	Detailed Description 7	11.4 Community Resources
-	7.1 Overview 7	11.5 Trademarks 15
	7.2 Functional Block Diagram 7	11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution
	7.3 Feature Description	11.7 Glossary
	7.4 Device Functional Modes 8	12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

# 4 Revision History

CI	nanges from Original (November 2016) to Revision A				
•	Changed TLV62568DRL and TLV62568PDRL to production status.	<i>•</i>			
•	Moved Device Comparison table to page 1	·			
•	Added DRL package thermal information	4			
•	Added startup time of TLV62568DRL, TLV62568PDRL				
•	Added TLV62568PDRL layout.	14			



# 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



#### **Pin Functions**

	1 III 1 dilottorio								
PIN NUMBER				I/O/PWR	DESCRIPTION				
NAME	SOT23-5	SOT23-6	SOT563-6	I/O/FWK	DESCRIPTION				
EN	1	1	5	1	Device enable logic input. Logic high enables the device, logic low disables the device and turns it into shutdown. Do not leave floating.				
GND	2	2	2	PWR	Ground pin.				
sw	3	3	4	PWR	Switch pin connected to the internal FET switches and inductor terminal. Connect the inductor of the output filter to this pin.				
VIN	4	4	3	PWR	Power supply voltage input.				
PG	-	5	6	0	Power good open drain output pin for TLV62568P. The pull-up resistor should not be connected to any voltage higher than 5.5V. If it's not used, leave the pin floating.				
FB	5	6	1	ı	Feedback pin for the internal control loop. Connect this pin to an external feedback divider.				
NC	-	-	6	0	No connection pin for TLV62568DRL. The pin can be connected to the output. Or leave it floating.				

## 6 Specifications

## 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	VIN, EN, PG	-0.3	6	V
Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	SW (DC)	-0.3	V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
voltage	SW (AC, less than 10 ns) <sup>(3)</sup>	-3.0	9	V
	FB	-0.3	5.5	V
Operating junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>		-40	150	°C
Storage tem	perature, T <sub>stg</sub>	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute—maximum—rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
- (3) While switching.

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## 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Floatractatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±500	V

- JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

# 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	2.5		5.5	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output voltage	0.6		$V_{IN}$	٧
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output current			1	Α
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	-40		125	°C
I <sub>SINK_PG</sub>	Sink current at PG pin			1	mA

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the *Application and Implementation* section for further information.

## 6.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	TLV62568	TLV62568x	LINUT
	THERMAL METRIC	DBV (5 Pins)	DRL (6 pins)	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	191.6	149.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	141.4	45.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	44.5	31.1	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	34.5	1.3	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	43.9	31.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



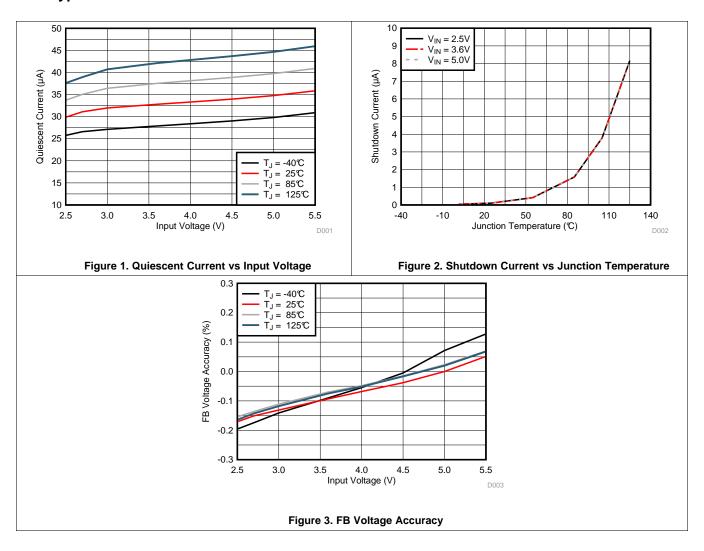
## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY			<u>'</u>			
IQ	Quiescent current into VIN pin	Not switching		35		uA
I <sub>SD</sub>	Shutdown current into VIN pin	EN = 0 V		0.1	2	μΑ
\ /	Under voltage lock out	V <sub>IN</sub> falling		2.3	2.45	V
$V_{UVLO}$	Under voltage lock out hysteresis			100		mV
т	The arrest about decree the read of d	Junction temperature rising		150		°C
$T_{JSD}$	Thermal shutdown threshold	Junction temperature falling		130		٠.
LOGIC II	NTERFACE		<u>'</u>			
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage at EN pin	2.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	1.2	0.95		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage at EN pin	2.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		0.85	0.4	V
Coff of other time of	TLV62568DBV		700		μs	
t <sub>SS</sub>	Soft startup time	TLV62568DRL, TLV62568PDRL		900		
	Development of the sector of t	V <sub>FB</sub> rising, referenced to V <sub>FB</sub> nominal		95%		
$V_{PG}$	Power good threshold, TLV62568P	V <sub>FB</sub> falling, referenced to V <sub>FB</sub> nominal		90%		
$V_{PG,OL}$	Power good low-level output voltage	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1 mA			0.4	V
I <sub>PG,LKG</sub>	Input leakage current into PG pin	V <sub>PG</sub> = 5.0 V		0.01		μΑ
t <sub>PG,DLY</sub>	Power good delay time	V <sub>FB</sub> falling		40		μs
OUTPUT						
$V_{FB}$	Feedback regulation voltage		0.588	0.6	0.612	V
<b>D</b>	High-side FET on resistance			150		0
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Low-side FET on resistance			100		mΩ
I <sub>LIM</sub>	High-side FET current limit		1.5			Α
$f_{SW}$	Switching frequency	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.8 V		1.5		MHz



## 6.6 Typical Characteristics





### 7 Detailed Description

#### 7.1 Overview

The TLV62568 is a high-efficiency synchronous step-down converter. The device operates with an adaptive off-time with peak current control scheme. The device operates at typically 1.5-MHz frequency pulse width modulation (PWM) at moderate to heavy load currents. Based on the  $V_{IN}/V_{OUT}$  ratio, a simple circuit sets the required off time for the low-side MOSFET. It makes the switching frequency relatively constant regardless of the variation of input voltage, output voltage, and load current.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram

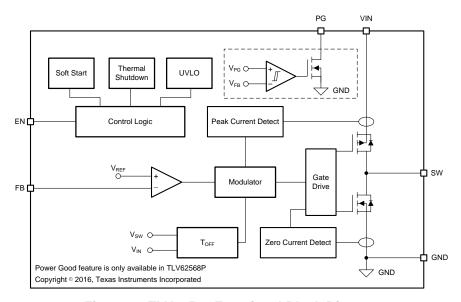


Figure 4. TLV62568 Functional Block Diagram

#### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Power Save Mode

The device automatically enters Power Save Mode to improve efficiency at light load when the inductor current becomes discontinuous. In Power Save Mode, the converter reduces switching frequency and minimizes current consumption. In Power Save Mode, the output voltage rises slightly above the nominal output voltage. This effect is minimized by increasing the output capacitor.

#### 7.3.2 100% Duty Cycle Low Dropout Operation

The device offers a low input-to-output voltage differential by entering 100% duty cycle mode. In this mode, the high-side MOSFET switch is constantly turned on and the low-side MOSFET is switched off. The minimum input voltage to maintain output regulation, depending on the load current and output voltage, is calculated as:

$$V_{IN(MIN)} = V_{OUT} + I_{OUT} \times (R_{DS(ON)} + R_L)$$

where

- R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> = High side FET on-resistance
- R<sub>I</sub> = Inductor ohmic resistance (DCR)

## 7.3.3 Soft Startup

After enabling the device, internal soft startup circuitry ramps up the output voltage which reaches nominal output voltage during a startup time. This avoids excessive inrush current and creates a smooth output voltage rise slope. It also prevents excessive voltage drops of primary cells and rechargeable batteries with high internal impedance.

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(1)



### **Feature Description (continued)**

The TLV62568 is able to start into a pre-biased output capacitor. The converter starts with the applied bias voltage and ramps the output voltage to its nominal value.

#### 7.3.4 Switch Current Limit

The switch current limit prevents the device from high inductor current and drawing excessive current from a battery or input voltage rail. Excessive current might occur with a heavy load or shorted output circuit condition. The TLV62568 adopts the peak current control by sensing the current of the high-side switch. Once the high-side switch current limit is reached, the high-side switch is turned off and low-side switch is turned on to ramp down the inductor current with an adaptive off-time.

#### 7.3.5 Under Voltage Lockout

To avoid mis-operation of the device at low input voltages, under voltage lockout is implemented that shuts down the device at voltages lower than  $V_{\text{UVLO}}$  with  $V_{\text{HYS\_UVLO}}$  hysteresis.

#### 7.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

The device enters thermal shutdown once the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown rising threshold,  $T_{JSD}$ . Once the junction temperature falls below the falling threshold, the device returns to normal operation automatically.

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 7.4.1 Enabling/Disabling the Device

The device is enabled by setting the EN input to a logic High. Accordingly, a logic Low disables the device. If the device is enabled, the internal power stage starts switching and regulates the output voltage to the set point voltage. The EN input must be terminated and should not be left floating.

#### 7.4.2 Power Good

The TLV62568P has a power good output. The PG pin goes high impedance once the output is above 95% of the nominal voltage, and is driven low once the output voltage falls below typically 90% of the nominal voltage. The PG pin is an open-drain output and is specified to sink up to 1 mA. The power good output requires a pull-up resistor connecting to any voltage rail less than 5.5 V. The PG signal can be used for sequencing of multiple rails by connecting it to the EN pin of other converters. Leave the PG pin unconnected when not used.

Table 1. PG Pin Logic

	DEVICE CONDITIONS	LOGIC S	STATUS
	DEVICE CONDITIONS	HIGH Z	LOW
Enable	EN = High, V <sub>FB</sub> ≥ V <sub>PG</sub>	√	
Enable	EN = High, V <sub>FB</sub> ≤ V <sub>PG</sub>		$\checkmark$
Shutdown	EN = Low		$\checkmark$
Thermal Shutdown	$T_{J} > T_{JSD}$		√
UVLO	$1.4 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{IN}} < \text{V}_{\text{UVLO}}$		$\checkmark$
Power Supply Removal	V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 1.4 V	$\checkmark$	

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## 8 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The following section discusses the design of the external components to complete the power supply design for several input and output voltage options by using typical applications as a reference.

## 8.2 Typical Application

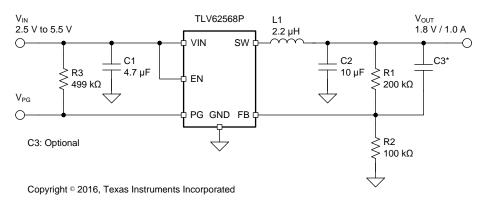


Figure 5. TLV62568 1.8-V Output Application

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2 as the input parameters.

**Table 2. Design Parameters** 

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage	2.5 V to 5.5 V
Output voltage	1.8 V
Maximum output current	1.0 A

Table 3 lists the components used for the example.

#### **Table 3. List of Components**

REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER <sup>(1)</sup>
C1	4.7 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A475KA73L	Murata
C2	10 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A106KE51L	Murata
L1	2.2 μH, Power Inductor, SDER041H-2R2MS	Cyntec
R1,R2,R3	Chip resistor,1%,size 0603	Std.
C3	Optional, 6.8 pF if it is needed	Std.

(1) See Third-party Products Disclaimer

#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

#### 8.2.2.1 Setting the Output Voltage

An external resistor divider is used to set output voltage according to Equation 2.

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When sizing R2, in order to achieve low current consumption and acceptable noise sensitivity, use a maximum of 200  $k\Omega$  for R2. Larger currents through R2 improve noise sensitivity and output voltage accuracy but increase current consumption.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) = 0.6V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
 (2)

A feed forward capacitor, C3 improves the loop bandwidth to make a fast transient response (shown in Figure 19). 6.8-pF capacitance is recommended for R2 of  $100-k\Omega$  resistance. A more detailed discussion on the optimization for stability vs. transient response can be found in SLVA289.

#### 8.2.2.2 Output Filter Design

The inductor and output capacitor together provide a low-pass filter. To simplify this process, Table 4 outlines possible inductor and capacitor value combinations. Checked cells represent combinations that are proven for stability by simulation and lab test. Further combinations should be checked for each individual application.

V <sub>OUT</sub> [V]	L [µH] <sup>(1)</sup>	C <sub>OUT</sub> [μF] <sup>(2)</sup>								
	L [µn], /	4.7	10	22	2x 22	100				
0.6 ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> < 1.2	1				+					
	2.2				++(3)					
1.2 ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> < 1.8	1			+	+					
	2.2			++(3)	+					
1.8 ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub>	1		+	+	+					
	2.2		++(3)	+	+					

**Table 4. Matrix of Output Capacitor and Inductor Combinations** 

- (1) Inductor tolerance and current de-rating is anticipated. The effective inductance can vary by +20% and -30%.
- (2) Capacitor tolerance and bias voltage de-rating is anticipated. The effective capacitance can vary by +20% and -50%.
- (3) This LC combination is the standard value and recommended for most applications.

#### 8.2.2.3 Inductor Selection

The main parameters for inductor selection is inductor value and then saturation current of the inductor. To calculate the maximum inductor current under static load conditions, Equation 3 is given:

$$I_{L,MAX} = I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

$$\Delta I_L = V_{OUT} \times \frac{1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}}{L \times f_{SW}}$$

where:

- I<sub>OUT.MAX</sub> is the maximum output current
- ΔI<sub>1</sub> is the inductor current ripple
- · f<sub>SW</sub> is the switching frequency
- · L is the inductor value

(3)

It is recommended to choose a saturation current for the inductor that is approximately 20% to 30% higher than  $I_{L,MAX}$ . In addition, DC resistance and size should also be taken into account when selecting an appropriate inductor.

#### 8.2.2.4 Input and Output Capacitor Selection

The architecture of the TLV62568 allows use of tiny ceramic-type output capacitors with low equivalent series resistance (ESR). These capacitors provide low output voltage ripple and are thus recommended. To keep its resistance up to high frequencies and to achieve narrow capacitance variation with temperature, it is recommended to use X7R or X5R dielectric.

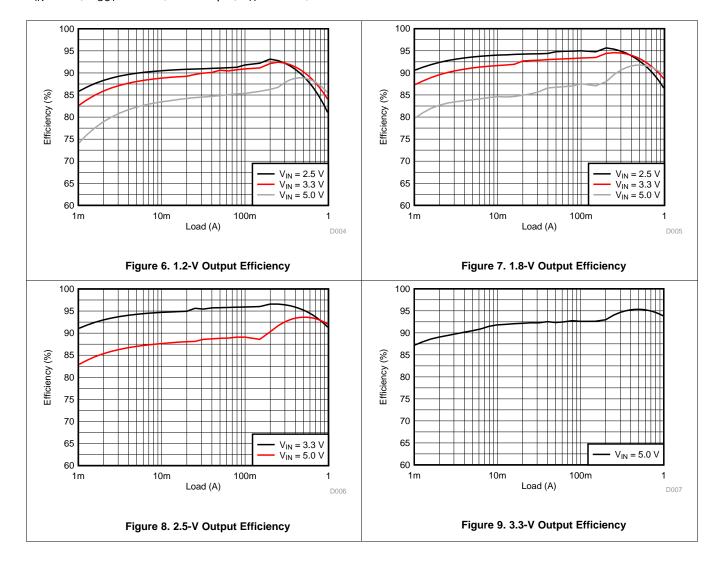


The input capacitor is the low impedance energy source for the converter that helps provide stable operation. A low ESR multilayer ceramic capacitor is recommended for best filtering. For most applications, 4.7-µF input capacitance is sufficient; a larger value reduces input voltage ripple.

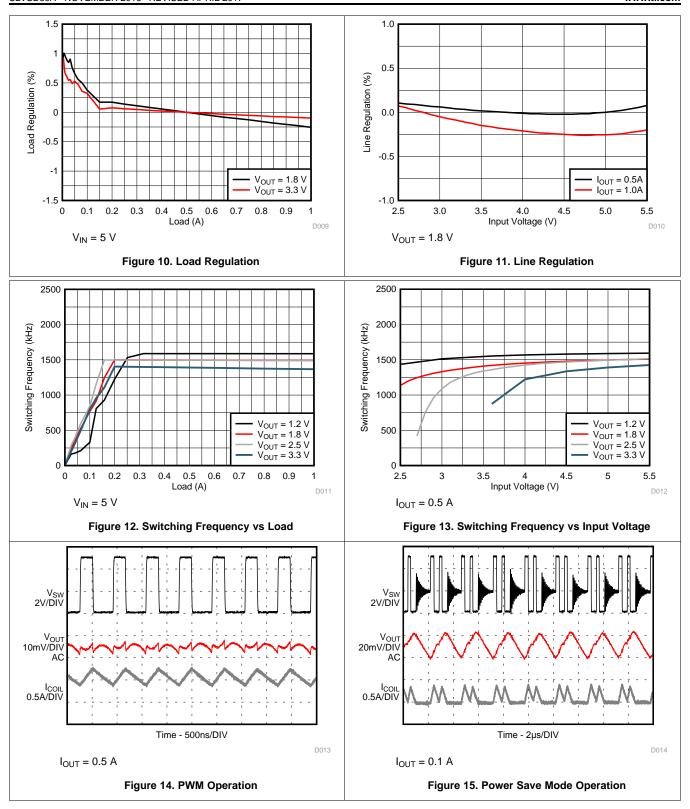
The TLV62568 is designed to operate with an output capacitor of 10 μF to 47 μF, as outlined in Table 4.

## 8.2.3 Application Performance Curves

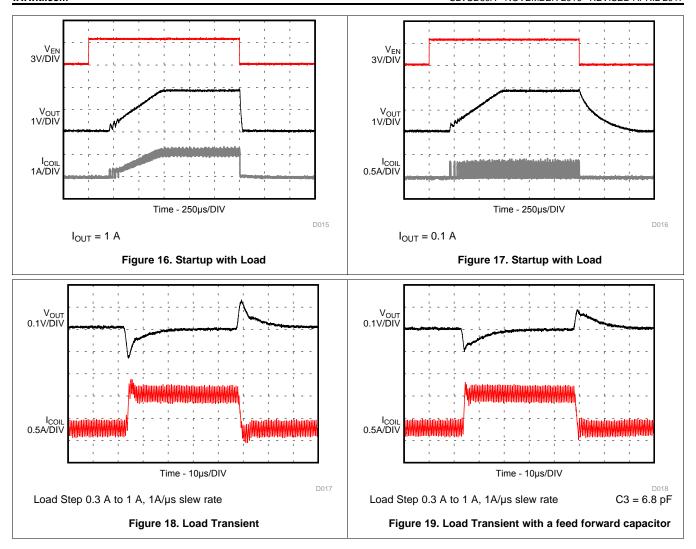
 $V_{IN}$  = 5 V,  $V_{OUT}$  = 1.8 V, L = 2.2  $\mu$ H,  $T_A$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted.











## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply to the TLV62568 must have a current rating according to the supply voltage, output voltage and output current.

## 10 Layout

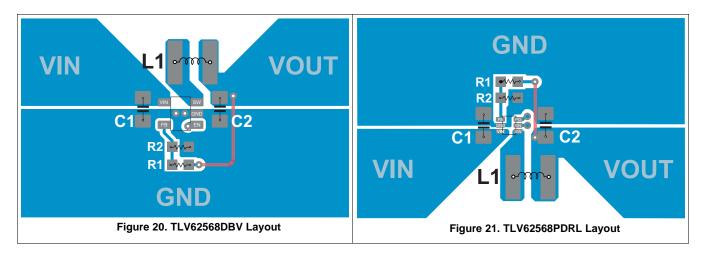
## 10.1 Layout Guidelines

The PCB layout is an important step to maintain the high performance of the TLV62568 device.

- The input/output capacitors and the inductor should be placed as close as possible to the IC. This keeps the
  power traces short. Routing these power traces direct and wide results in low trace resistance and low
  parasitic inductance.
- The low side of the input and output capacitors must be connected properly to the power GND to avoid a GND potential shift.
- The sense traces connected to FB are signal traces. Special care should be taken to avoid noise being induced. Keep these traces away from SW nodes.
- · GND layers might be used for shielding.



### 10.2 Layout Example



#### 10.3 Thermal Considerations

Implementation of integrated circuits in low-profile and fine-pitch surface-mount packages typically requires special attention to power dissipation. Many system-dependent issues such as thermal coupling, airflow, convection surfaces, and the presence of other heat-generating components affect the power dissipation limits of a given component.

Two basic approaches for enhancing thermal performance are listed below:

- Improving the power dissipation capability of the PCB design
- · Introducing airflow in the system

For more details on how to use the thermal parameters, see the application notes: Thermal Characteristics Application Notes SZZA017 and SPRA953.



## 11 Device and Documentation Support

#### 11.1 Device Support

#### 11.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

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### 11.2 Documentation Support

## 11.2.1 Related Documentation

Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics Application Report (SPRA953)

Thermal Characteristics of Linear and Logic Packages Using JEDEC PCB Designs Application Report (SZZA017)

### 11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

## 11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## 11.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.



## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





27-Sep-2017

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing		Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV62568DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF	Samples
TLV62568DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF	Samples
TLV62568DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L	Samples
TLV62568DRLT	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L	Samples
TLV62568PDDCR	PREVIEW	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	9X9	
TLV62568PDDCT	PREVIEW	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	9X9	
TLV62568PDRLR	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N	Samples
TLV62568PDRLT	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.



## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Sep-2017

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 27-Sep-2017

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV62568DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3

www.ti.com 27-Sep-2017

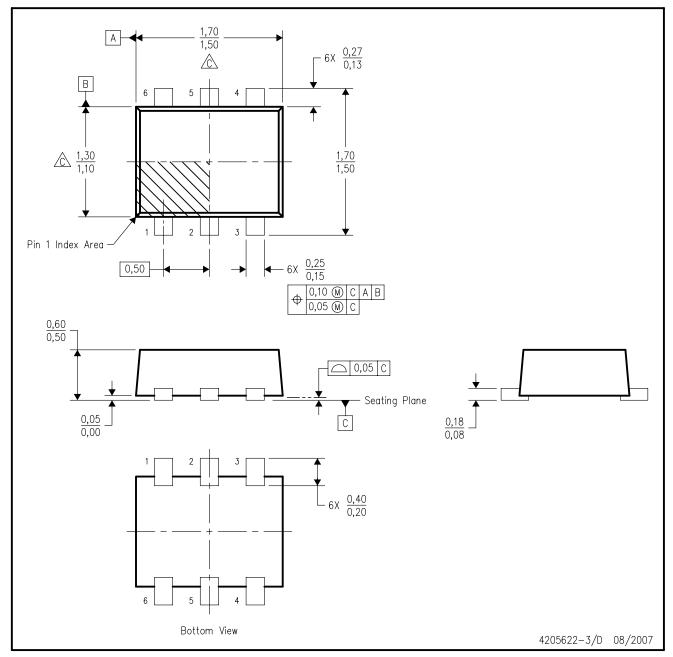


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV62568DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	184.0	184.0	19.0
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	184.0	184.0	19.0
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	184.0	184.0	19.0
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	184.0	184.0	19.0

# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



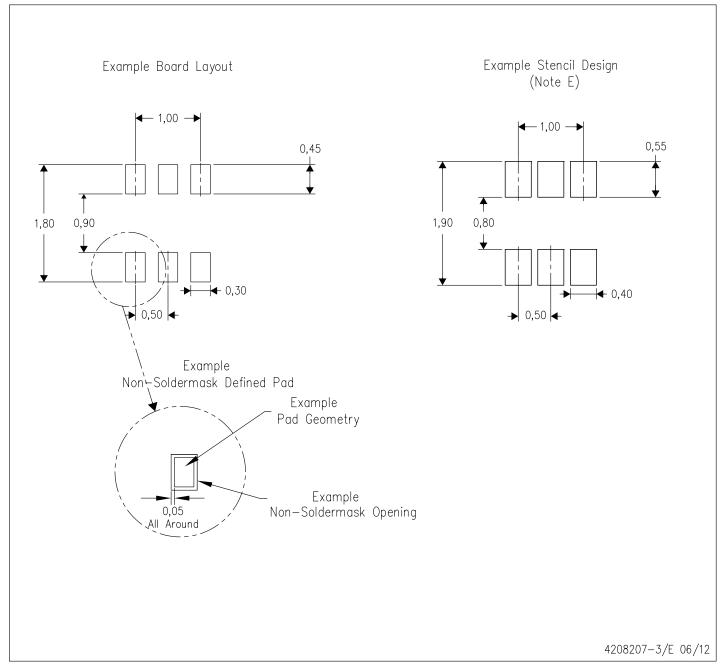
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.

  Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.
- D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



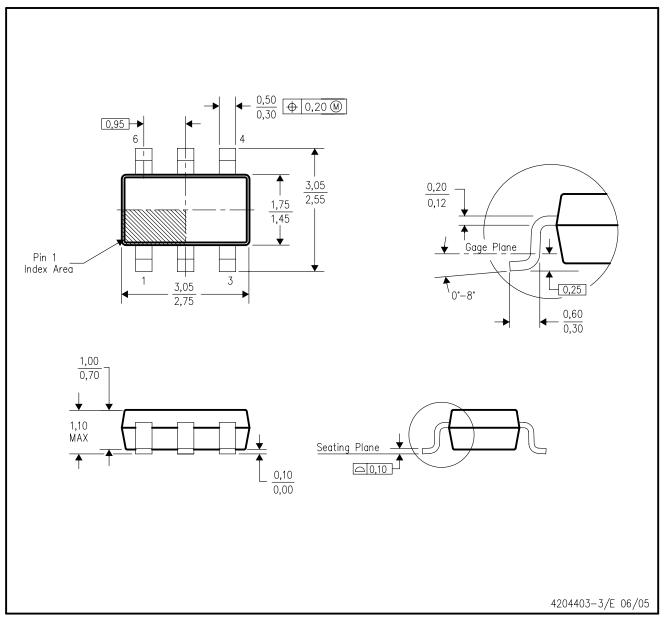
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.



# DDC (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AA (6 pin).



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



# DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



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